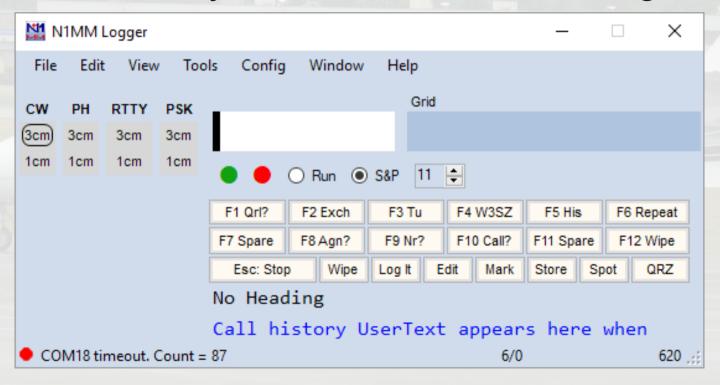
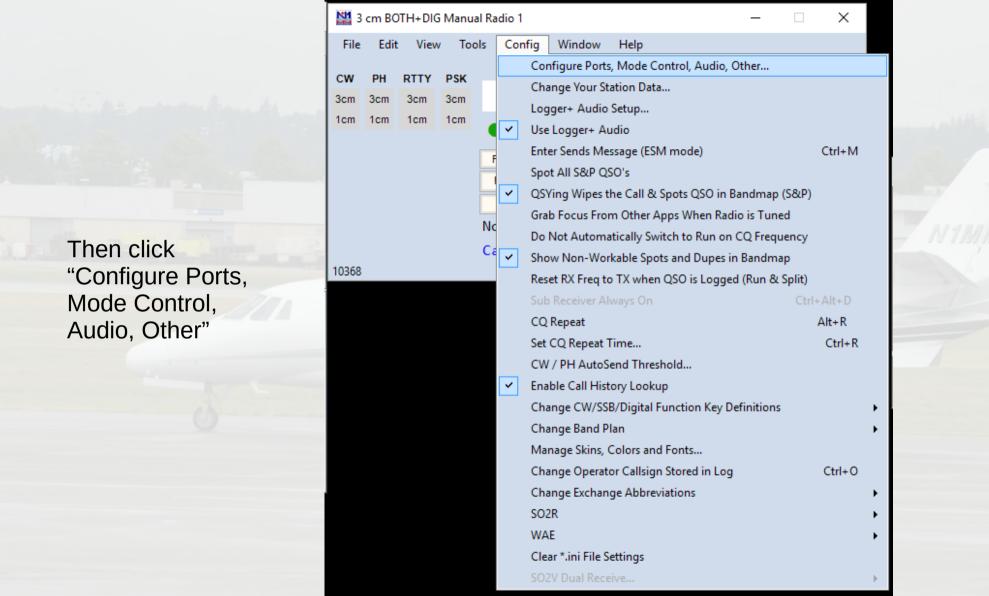
N1MM Configuration W3SZ and K3TUF

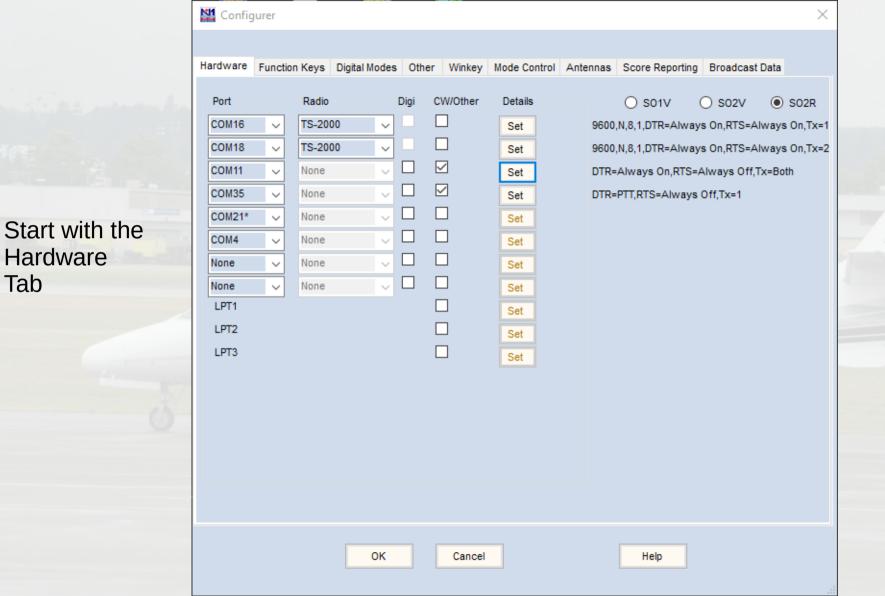


Configuring N1MM

Start From the Entry Window and click "Config"





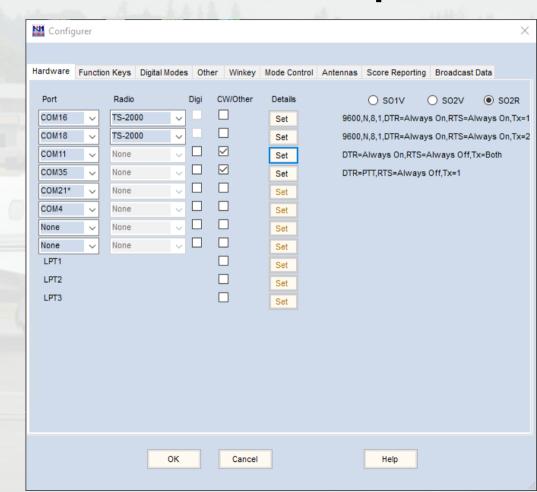


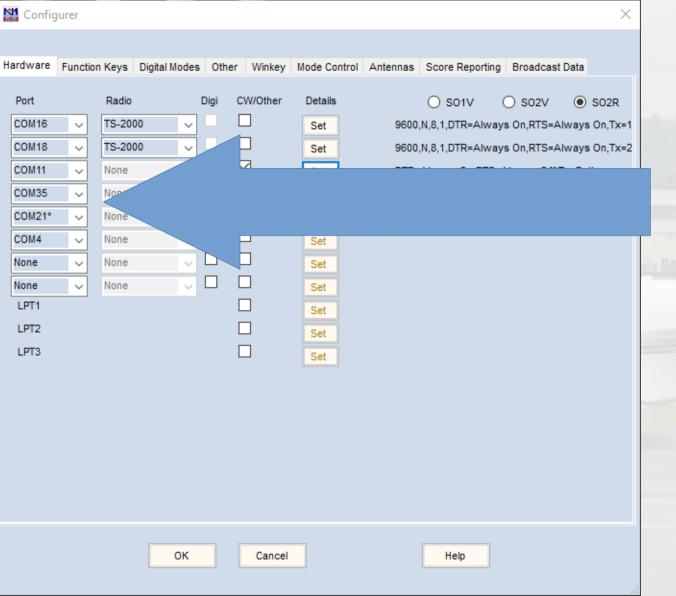
Hardware

Tab

Hardware Tab is Used to Setup:

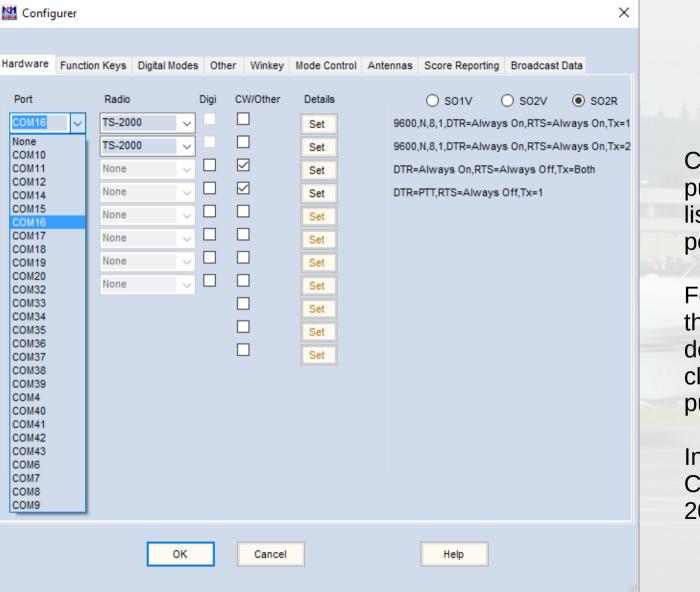
- Radios
- CW, PTT, Digital ports
- Interface to SO2R boxes
- Interface to Keyers





The **Port** column supports up to 8 serial ports in the range COM1-COM99 and 3 parallel ports, LPT1-LPT3.

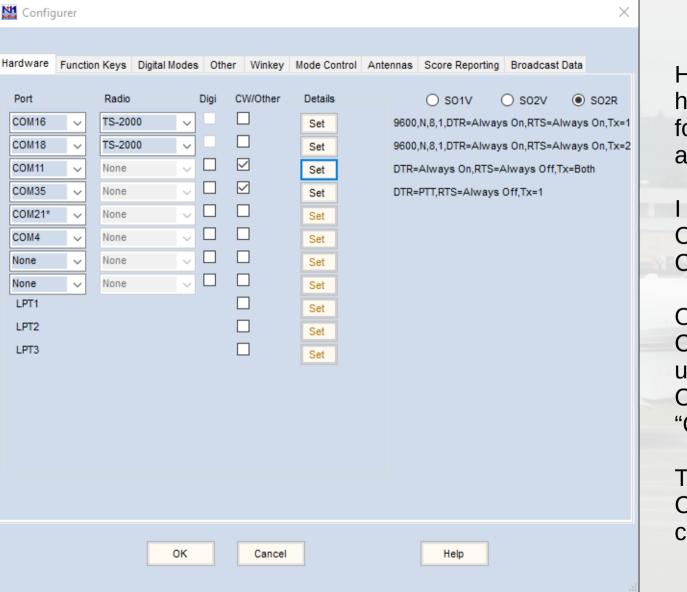
The serial ports may be "real" serial ports, serial/USB adapters, or virtual serial ports like com0com, LP-Bridge, VSPE, etc.



Clicking on the **Port** pulldown arrow brings up a list of all installed serial ports.

For each radio or device, the appropriate port for that device is selected by clicking on that port in this pulldown list.

In this case, I have selected COM16 for Radio 1, a TS-2000.

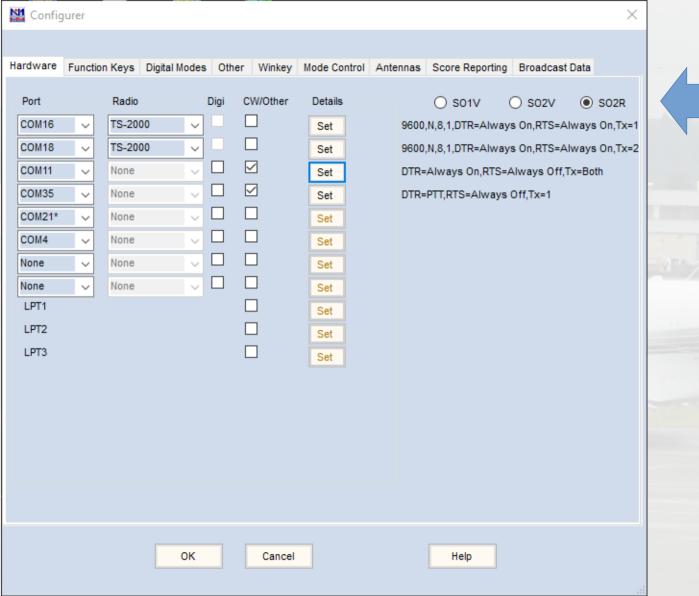


Here you can see that I have also selected COM18, for Radio 2, which is another TS-2000.

I have also selected COM11, COM35, and COM21, and COM4.

Of these additional ports, COM4 and COM21 are unused and COM11 and COM35 are assigned to "CW/Other".

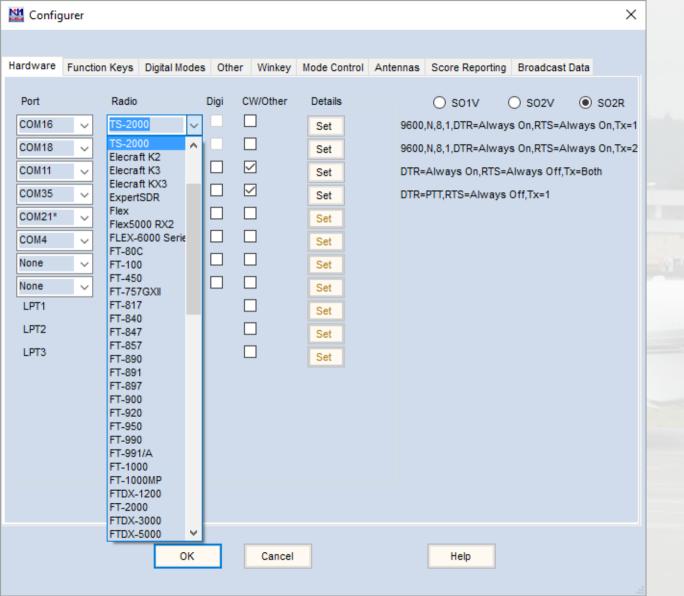
The asterisk behind COM21 means that N1MM could not open this port.



SO2R Mode, so I have clicked the SO2R button so that N1MM knows I want to use SO2R mode with my radios.

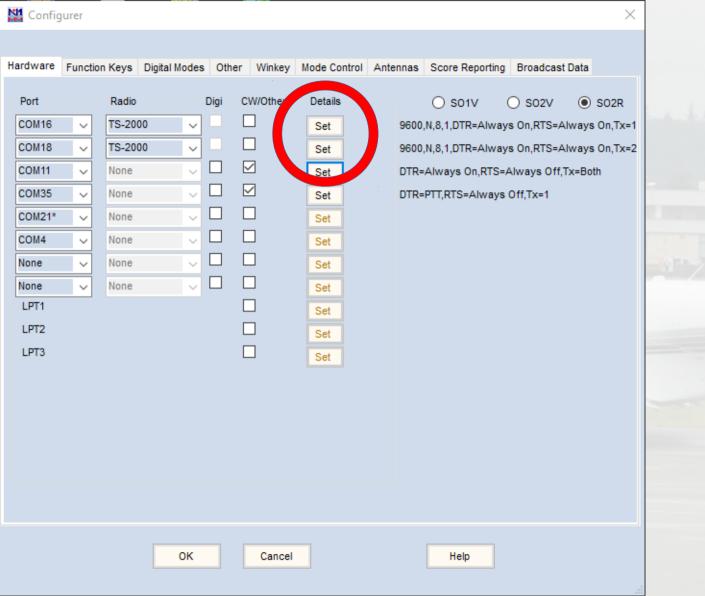
If were only using one radio with one VFO, I would have clicked **SO1V**.

And if I were using one radio with two VFOs, I would have clicked **SO2V**



The TS-2000 radios were selected by clicking on the arrow for the **Radio** pulldown list for the first and second rows of the **Radio** column and selecting "TS-2000" from the list.

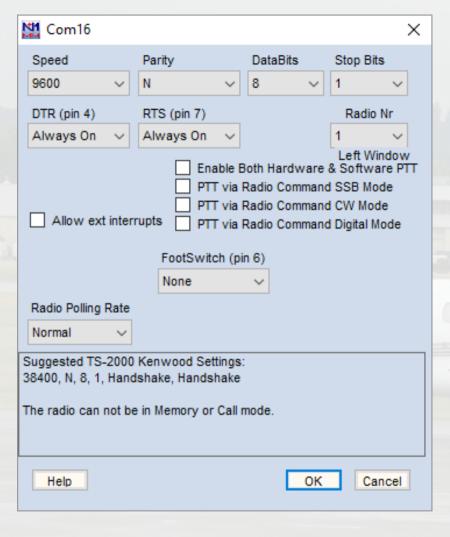
You may select no more than 2 radios, and you must only select a radio if it is actually connected to the COM port specified in the **Port** column AND if both the radio and the COM port are powered up and working.



Once the Ports and Radios have been specified, the ports need to be configured.

This is done by clicking on the appropriate **Set** button in the **Details** column for each Radio, one at a time.

You must complete setting up one port and close that setup window before moving on to configure the next port.



Set port parameters appropriately for your radio:

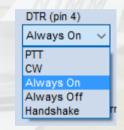
Baud (Speed)

Parity

Data Bits

Stop Bits

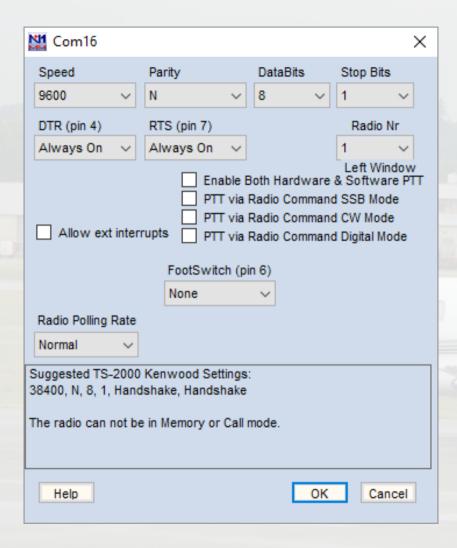
DTR/RTS: may be used for PTT or sending CW, or set to "Always On", "Always Off", or "Handshake"



IF DTR/RTS used for CW or PTT, then the **CW/Other** checkbox in the main window must be checked

COM16 is assigned to Radio Nr 1



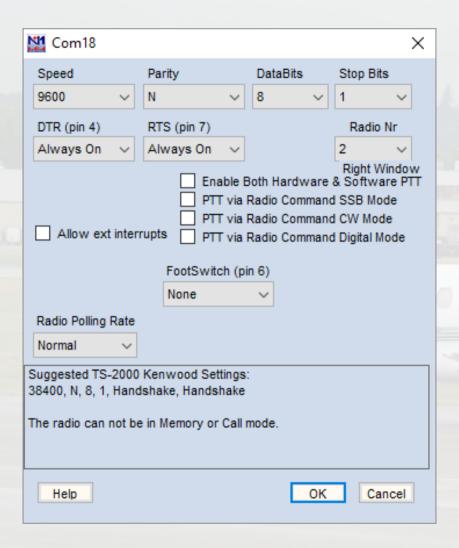


As a beginner, leave the check boxes on this form unchecked.

As a beginner, leave the **FootSwitch** pulldown set to its default value of **None.**

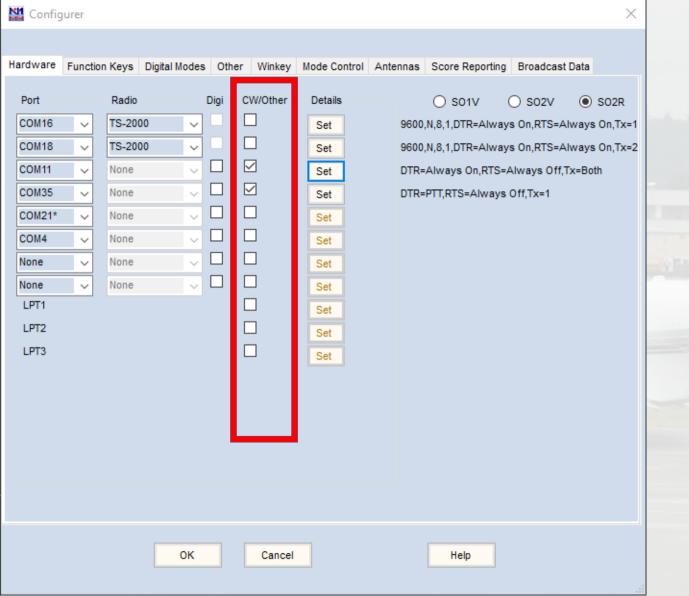
Leave the Radio Polling Rate set to Normal unless you know what you are doing and have a reason to change this.

When you have completed setup on this form, click "OK" and you will be returned to the main Configurer window.



Clicking the **Set** button in the **Details** column for COM18 gives this form. It differs from the COM16 form only in that **RadioNr** for COM18 is 2.

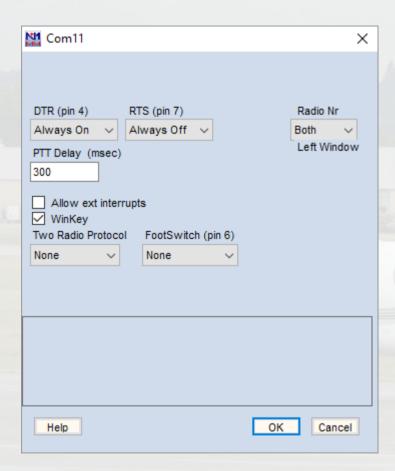
The other parameters are identical.



The **CW/Other** box is checked for a given port if that port is used for CW, PTT, a footswitch, a DVK, or an SO2R controller.

Radio control (CAT) and DTR/RTS CW/PTT on the same serial port are compatible, but Radio and WinKeyer control on the same port are not compatible.

Let's see what happens when we click on **Set** in the **Details** column for COM11 and COM35, starting with COM11.



The **PTT Delay** value is set to work with a sequencer.

COM11 is used here to interface with the WinKeyer

DTR is set to "Always On" **RTS** is set to "Always Off"
With these settings, the WinKeyer is powered via the serial port, with DTR supplying **+V** and RTS **-V**.

We want the Winkeyer to work with both radios, so **RadioNr** is set to **Both**

WinKey is checked so that COM11 will be used to control the WinKeyer.

No SO2R controller is used, so **Two Radio Protocol** is set to **None**.

FootSwitch is set to none, because no footswitch is being used with N1MM.



The **PTT Delay** value is set to work with a sequencer.

COM35 is set up here an example of how this port could be used to provide PTT for Radio 1. In my installation, CAT control is used to provide PTT.

DTR is set to "PTT" **RTS** is set to "Always Off"

We want this PTT to work with only radio 1, so **RadioNr** is set to **1**.

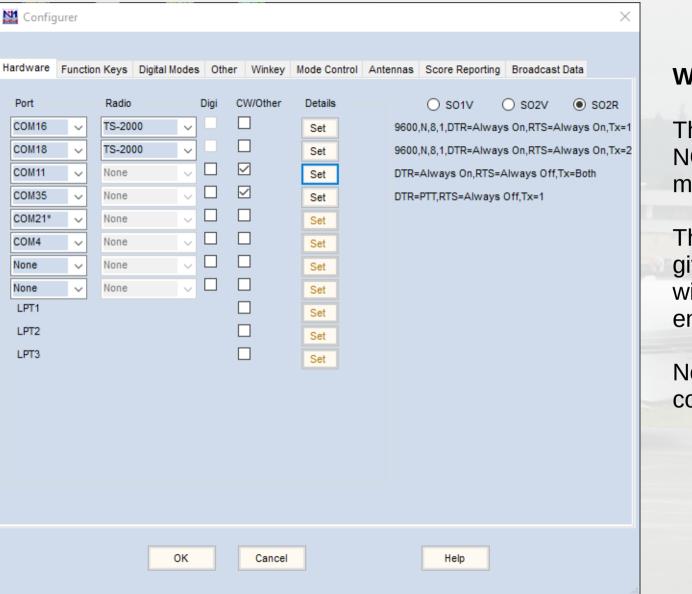
WinKey is not checked, because this port is not used to control the WinKeyer.

No SO2R controller is used, so **Two Radio Protocol** is set to **None**.

FootSwitch is set to none, because no footswitch is being used with N1MM.

PTT with N1MM – 3 Options

- PTT via serial or parallel port
 - RTS or DTR for Serial Port, or Pin 16 for LPT
- PTT via WinKeyer
 - WinKeyer PTT output can be used for PTT for all modes
- PTT via CAT command
 - There is NO delay before logger begins sending stored messages when PTT via CAT command is used
- USE ONLY ONE METHOD OF PTT OR CW KEYING!!



What about the Digi column?

The **Digi** check boxes are NOT checked for the WSJT modes.

They are only checked for a given port if that port is used with MMTTY, MMVARI, Fldigi engine, or TNC.

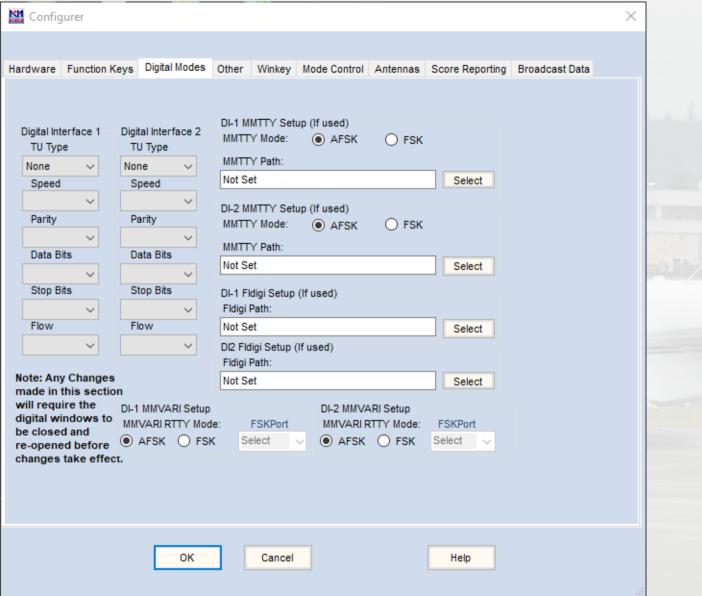
Not applicable to VHF contesting.

| Config | gurer | | | | | | | | \times | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------|----------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------|----------|--------|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| rdware | Function Keys | Digital Modes | Other | Winkey | Mode Control | Antennas | Score Reporting | Broadcast Data | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Stop oo | ndina CO when | calleion is | | | | | |
| Send leading zeros in serial numbers Stop sending CQ when callsign is changed | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Send cut numbers ESM sends your call once in S&P, then ready to copy received exchange | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ✓ Send corrected call before end of QSO | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ✓ Send partial calls String to use on cw between his call key and exchange key | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ✓ Use | CW contest word | d spacing | 4 | 86 | (default is o | one space) | , | | | N. The | |
| | | _ | _ | | Keycode of | | | | | | |
| | | AutoHotKe | y file 2 | 22 | Keycode of | TU/Log Key | Substitute | | | | |
| | re that the key m change SSB Butto | | | | | keys as defi | ned in Config/Chan | ge CW buttons, | | | |
| CQ Ke | | nd of QSO | | Call Key | Again | Key Ne | xt Call | | | | |
| F1 | ∨ F | 3 ~ | F4 | | √ F8 | ∨ Di | sabled V | | | 1 - 4 | |
| Exchar | nge Key Hi | is Call Key | QSO | B4 Key | Cut Nu | mber Style (i | f enabled) | | | - | |
| F2 | ∨ F | 5 ~ | F6 | | V T1234 | 567890 (lead | ding T) ∨ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | ОК | 7 | Cancel | | | Help | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Function Keys

Skip this Setup page and

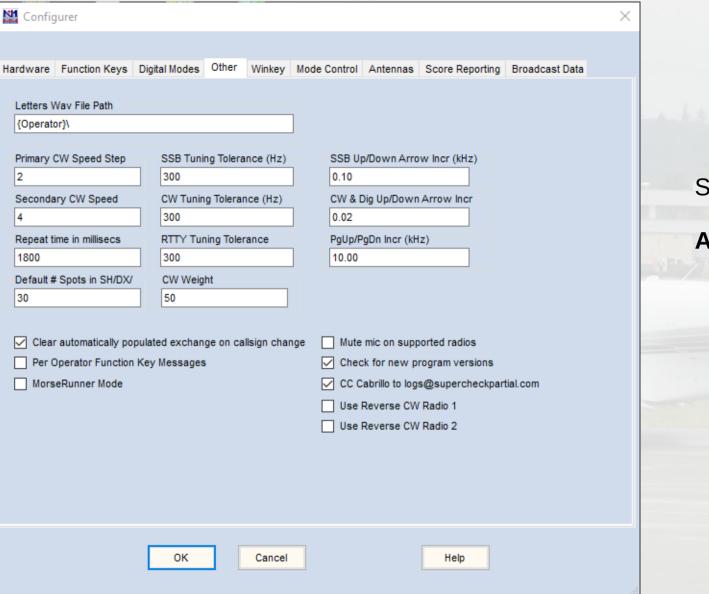
Accept the Defaults!



Digital Modes

This page is not applicable to VHF Contesting.

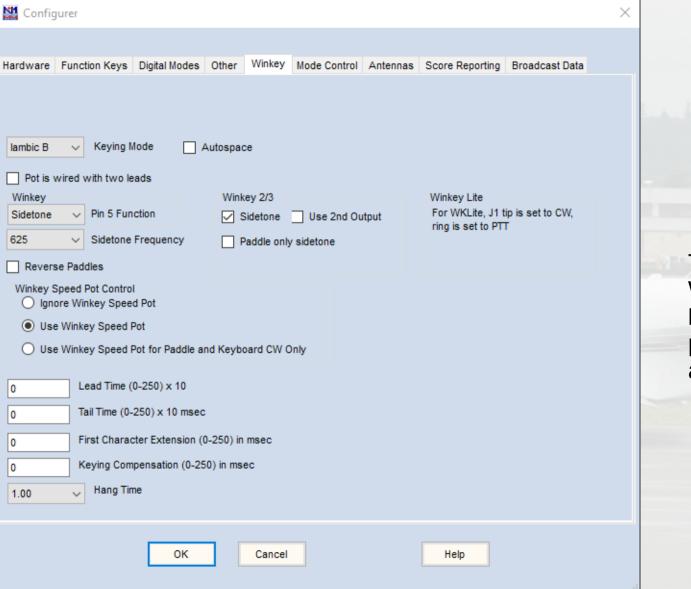
Skip this page and Accept the Defaults!



Other

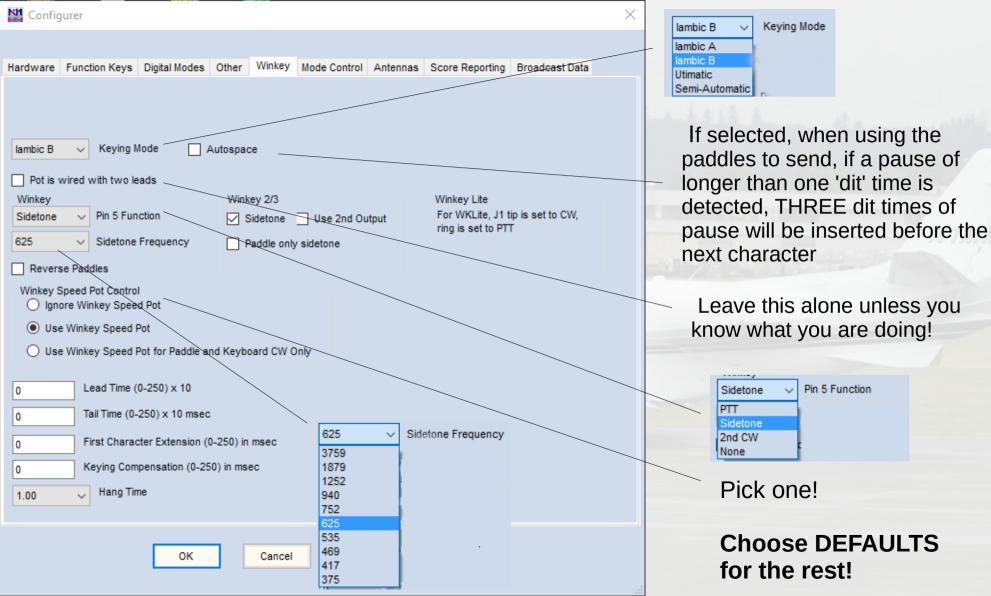
Skip this Setup page and

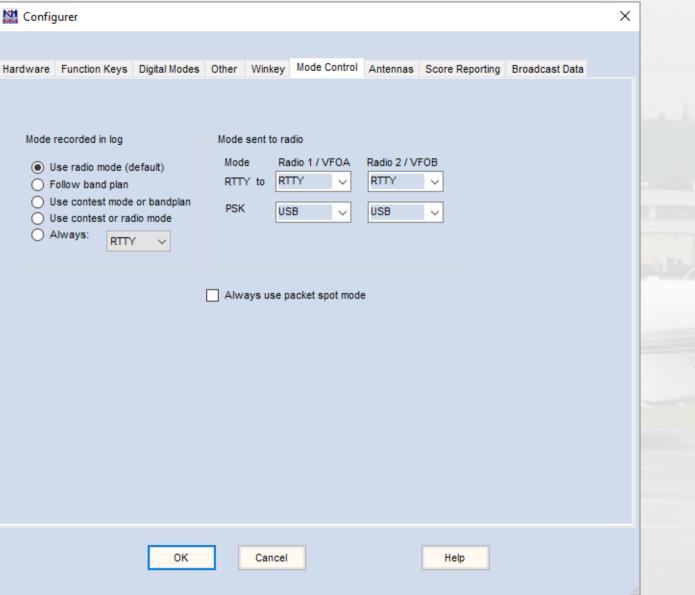
Accept the Defaults!



WinKeyer Configuration

This only applies, and WinKeyer only works IF you have set up a COM port for WinKey operation, as we just described.



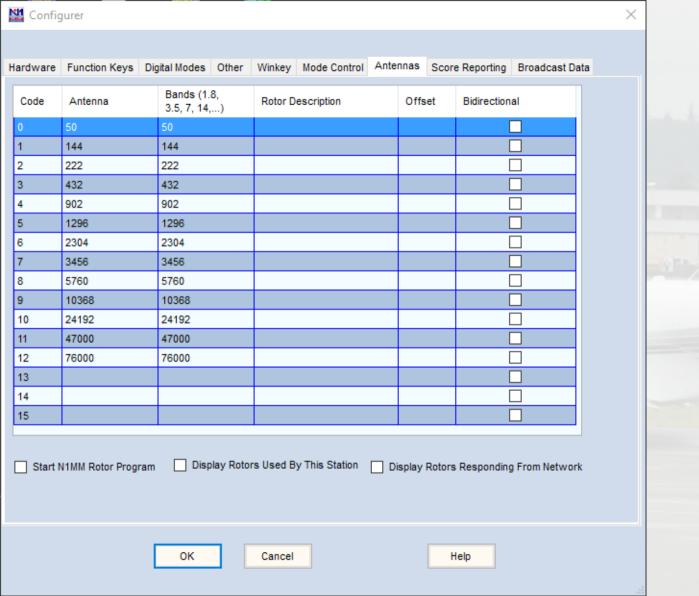


Mode Control

Skip this Setup page and accept the default (Use radio mode)

This page is for HF digital modes.

WSJTX will properly record the mode in the N1MM log if you have "automatic WSJTX logging" set up properly.



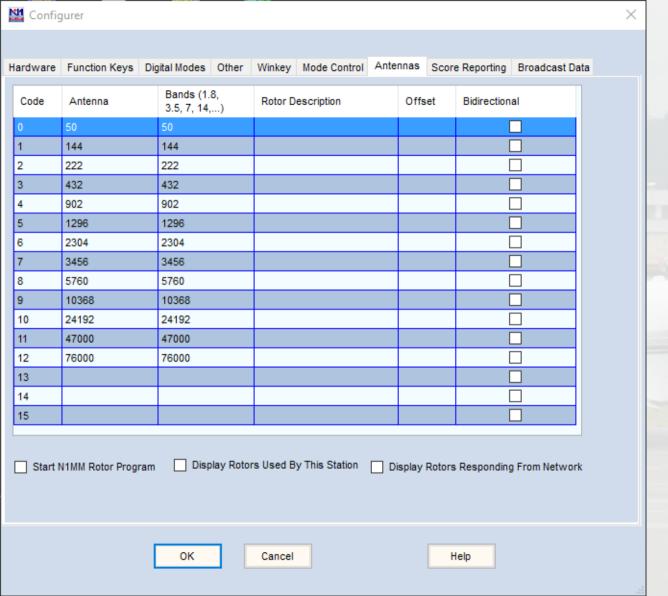
Antennas

This window is used for setup of band-switching of transverters & antennas, via Serial or Parallel port.

Parallel port requires a band decoder

Serial port requires either MicroHam or OTRSP protocol device.

Rotor control uses N1MM Rotor protocol or third-party software via UDP packets.



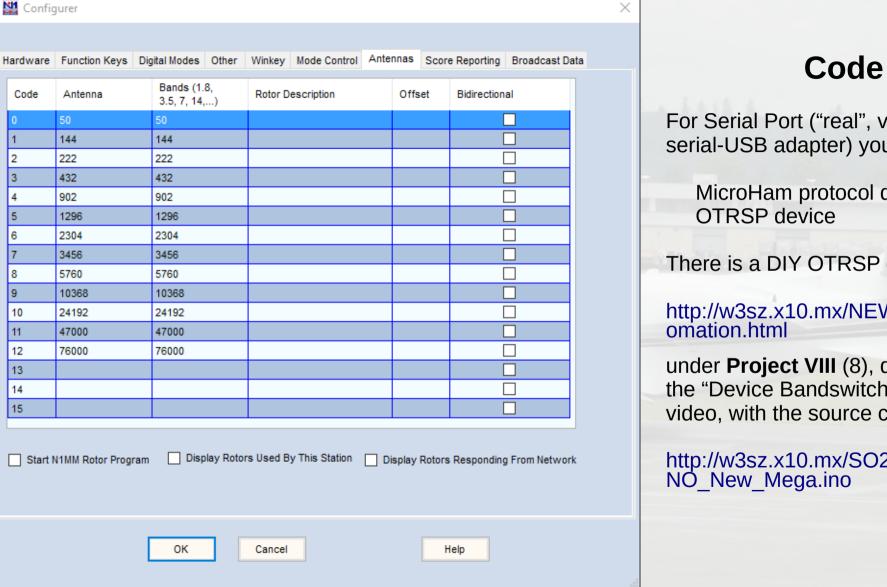
Code

Pre-determined numerical values 0-15 that will be sent on the LPT port as BCD, using pins 9,8,7, and 2, or used for the MicroHam or OTRSP serial device.

Each code represents ONE ANTENNA or TRANSVERTER

For LPT, must use with a band decoder, like:
N3FTI decoder
W3SZ Arduino-N1MM
Transverter Bandswitch
W9XT decoder
Top Ten Devices decoder

W3SZ device is **Project IV** (4) at: http://w3sz.x10.mx/NEWS/StationAut omation.html



For Serial Port ("real", virtual, or serial-USB adapter) you must use:

MicroHam protocol device

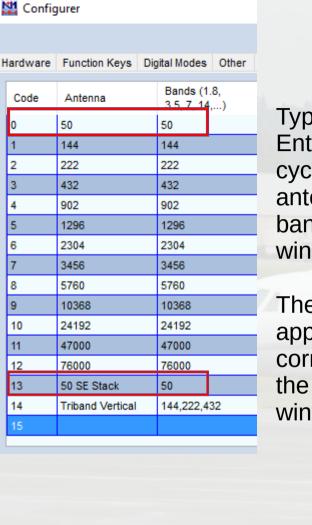
There is a DIY OTRSP device at

http://w3sz.x10.mx/NEWS/StationAut

under Project VIII (8), described in the "Device Bandswitching" pdf and video, with the source code at:

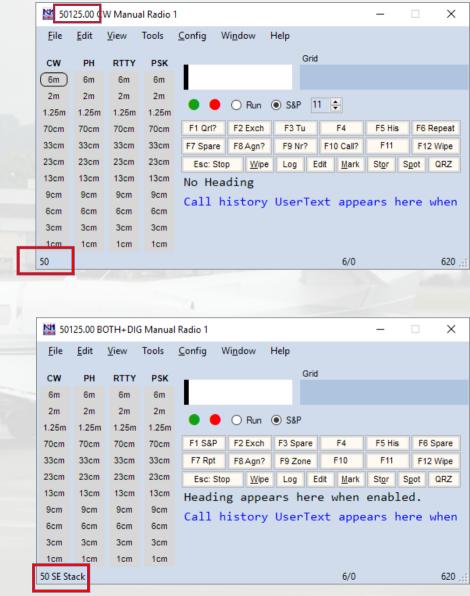
http://w3sz.x10.mx/SO2RDuino_Tol NO New Mega.ino

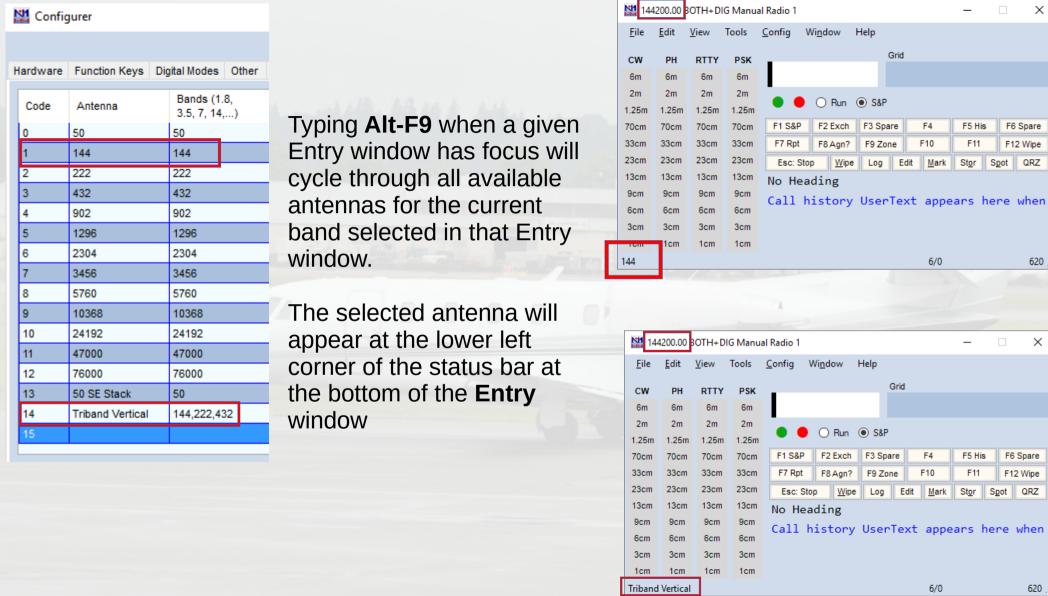
| 🙎 Config | gurer | | | | | × | |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Hardware Function Keys Digital Modes Other Winkey Mode Control Antennas Score Reporting Broadcast Data | | | | | | | Antenna |
| Code | Antenna | Bands (1.8, 3.5, 7, 14,) | Rotor Description | Offset | Bidirectional | | In this column place the text that you |
| 0 | 50 | 50 | | | | | want to describe the antenna or |
| 1 | 144 | 144 | | | | | transverter. |
| 2 | 222 | 222 | | | | | |
| 3 | 432 | 432 | | | | | This text will appear at the lower left |
| 4 | 902 | 902 | | | | | |
| 5 | 1296 | 1296 | | | | | corner of the status bar of the Entry |
| 6 | 2304 | 2304 | | | | | window when you change bands or |
| 7 | 3456 | 3456 | | | | | switch antennas for a given band. |
| 8 | 5760 | 5760 | | | | | 3 |
| 9 | 10368 | 10368 | | | | | Note that you can enseif, more than |
| 10 | 24192 | 24192 | | | | | Note that you can specify more than |
| 11 | 47000 | 47000 | | | | | one antenna per band, and more |
| 12 | 76000 | 76000 | | | | | than one band per antenna: |
| 13 | 50 SE Stack | 50 | | | | | |
| 14 | Triband Vertical | 144,222,432 | | | | | Both code 0 and code 13 are for |
| 15 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 50 MHz antennas |
| Start 1 | N1MM Rotor Program | m Display Roto | rs Used By This Station | Codes 1, 2, and 3 are for 144, 222, and 432 MHz monoband | | | |
| | | ОК | Cancel | | antennas, and code 14 is for a triband vertical covering 144, 222, and 432 MHz | | |



Typing Alt-F9 when a given Entry window has focus will cycle through all available antennas for the current band selected in that Entry window.

The selected antenna will appear at the lower left corner of the status bar at the bottom of the **Entry** window





| Config | jurer | | | | | | | | | × |
|-----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-------------------|----------------|-------|--------|-----------------|----------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| rdware | Function Keys | Digital Modes | Other | Winkey | Mode Control | Anten | nas | Score Reporting | Broadcast Data | |
| Code | Antenna | Bands (1.8, 3.5, 7, 14,) | | Rotor Description | | | Offse | t Bidirection | nal | |
|) | 50 | 50 | | | | | | | | |
| | 144 | 144 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 222 | 222 | | | | | | | | |
| } | 432 | 432 | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 902 | 902 | | | | | | | | |
| | 1296 | 1296 | | | | | | | | |
| ; | 2304 | 2304 | | | | | | | | |
| , | 3456 | 3456 | | | | | | | | |
| } | 5760 | 5760 | | | | | | | | |
|) | 10368 | 10368 | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 24192 | 24192 | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 47000 | 47000 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 76000 | 76000 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 50 SE Stack | 50 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Triband Vertical | 144,222,43 | 2 | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | |
|] Start N | N1MM Rotor Progra | am 🗌 Disp | lay Rotor | 's Used B | y This Station | ☐ Dis | play R | otors Respondin | g From Network | |
| | | ок | | Cancel | | | | Help | | |

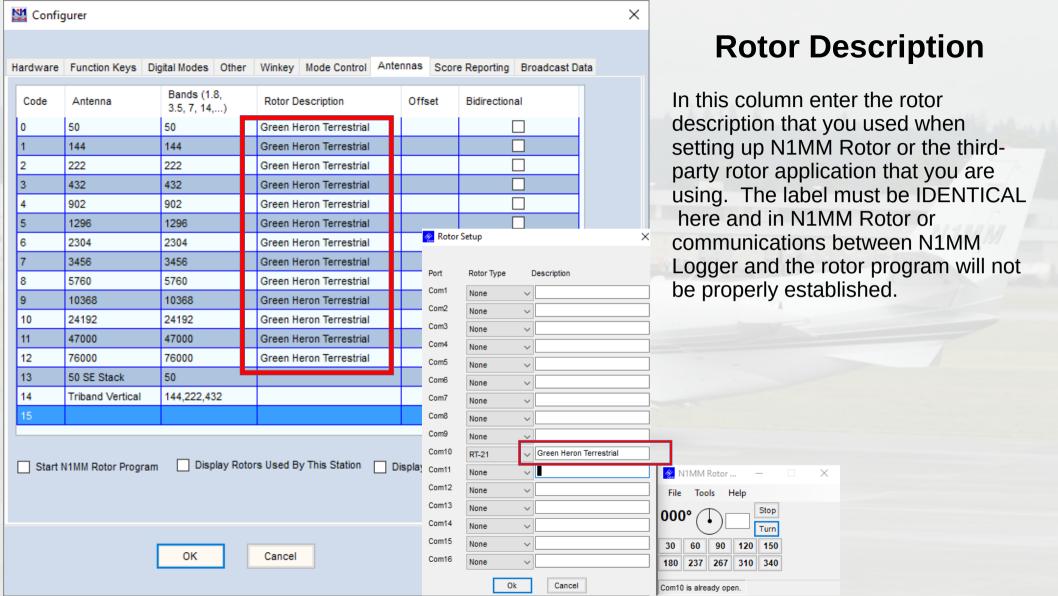
Bands (1.8, 3.5, 7, 14,...)

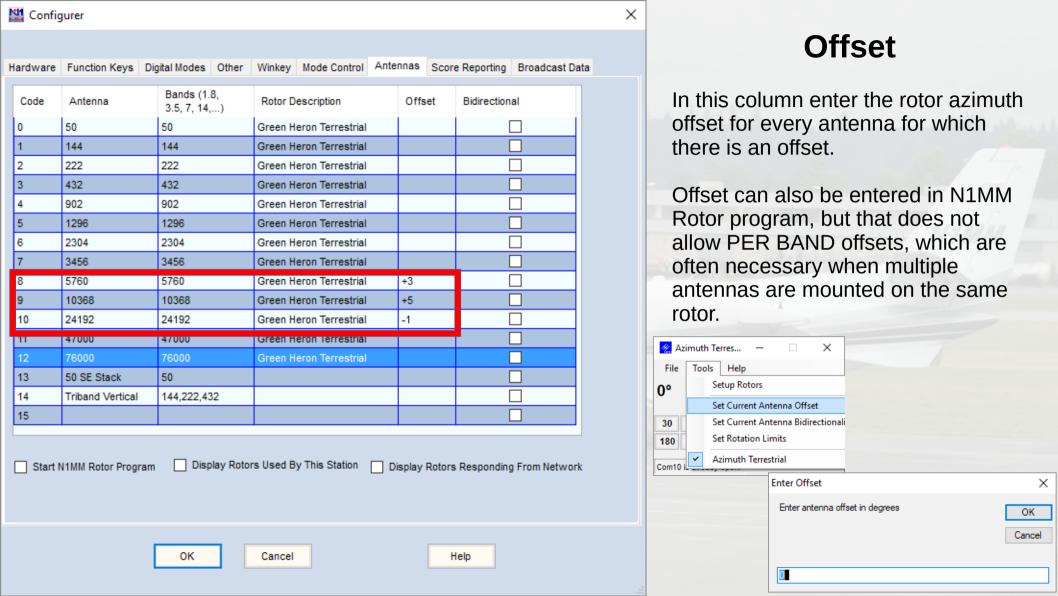
In this column place all bands for which this antenna may be selected, using a comma to separate each band from the preceding band.

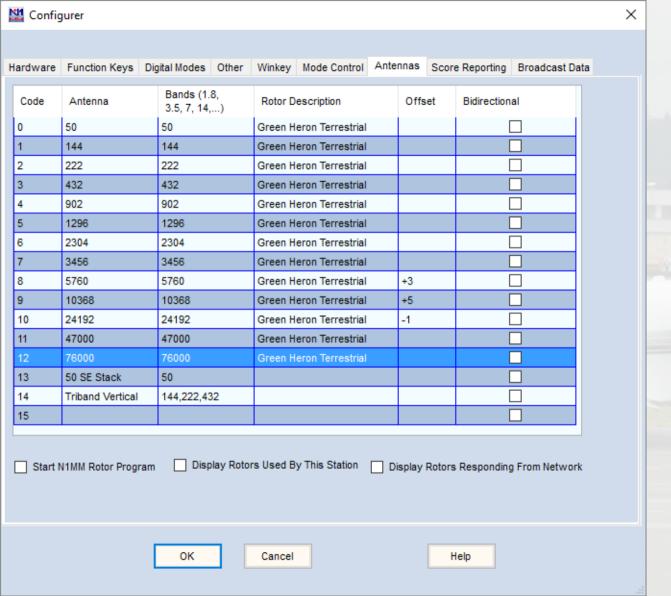
The first antenna in the table for a given band will be selected when changing to a band the first time that band is selected in a given session. Thereafter, the antenna that was previously selected for that band will be selected on band changes.

VHF and Up bands include: 50, 70, 144, 222, 420, 902, 1240, 2300, 3300, 5650, 10000, 24000, 47000, 76000, 142000, 241000.

YOU MUST USE THESE LABELS!!



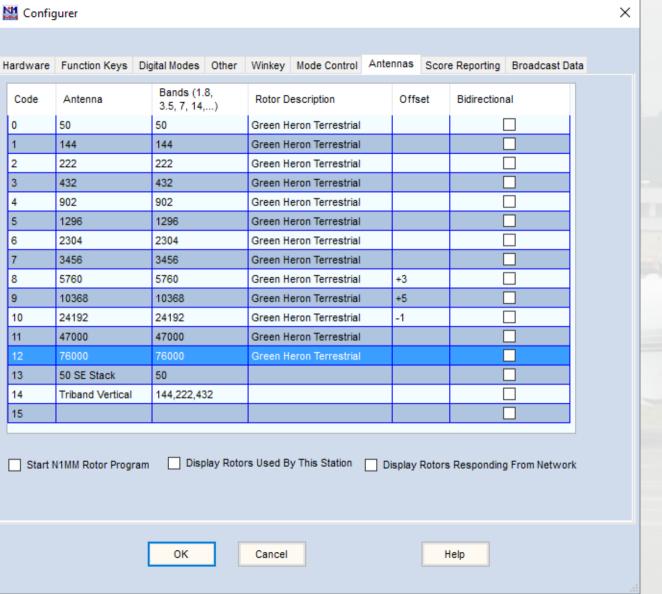




Bidirectional

This is used for Steppir antennas, which can be set bidirectional.

You can skip this unless you are using a Steppir with bidirectional capability on 50 MHz.



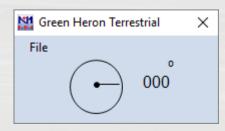
Start N1MM Rotor Program

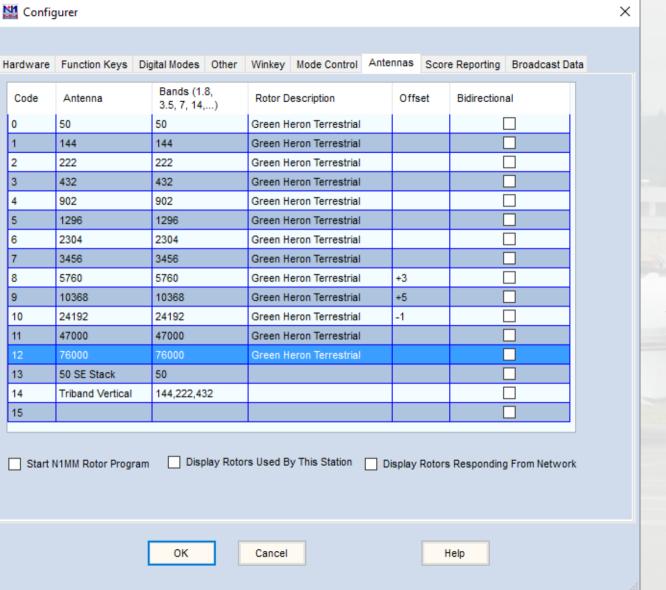
Checking this box will automatically start N1MM Rotor program when N1MM is started.

Display Rotors Used By This Station

Checking this box will display rotor windows for all rotors that are used by the currently active bands in the **Entry Windows** used by this station.

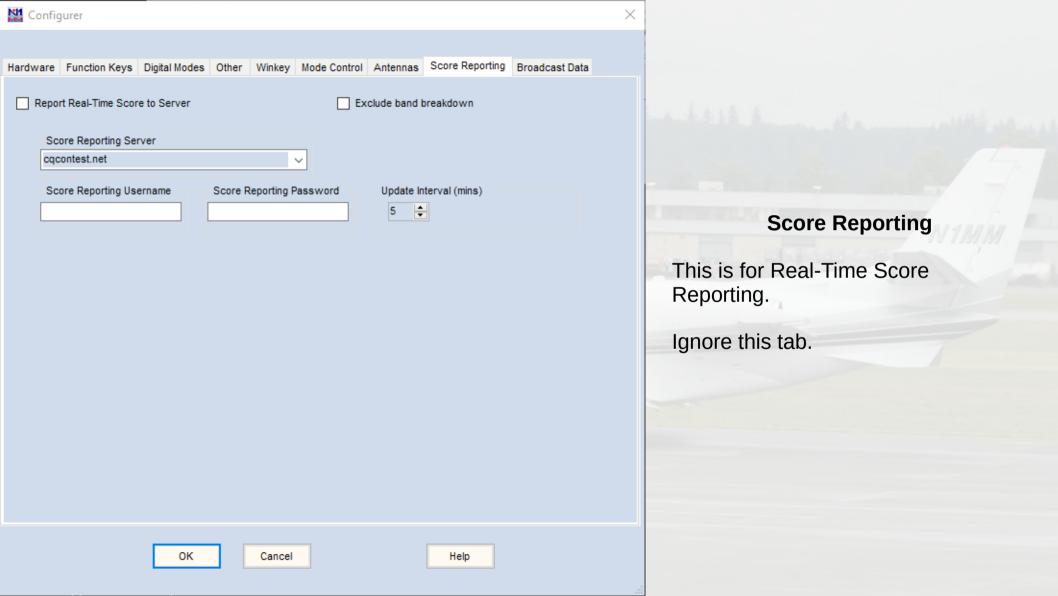
When the band is changed in either **Entry Window**, the displayed rotors will be automatically updated.

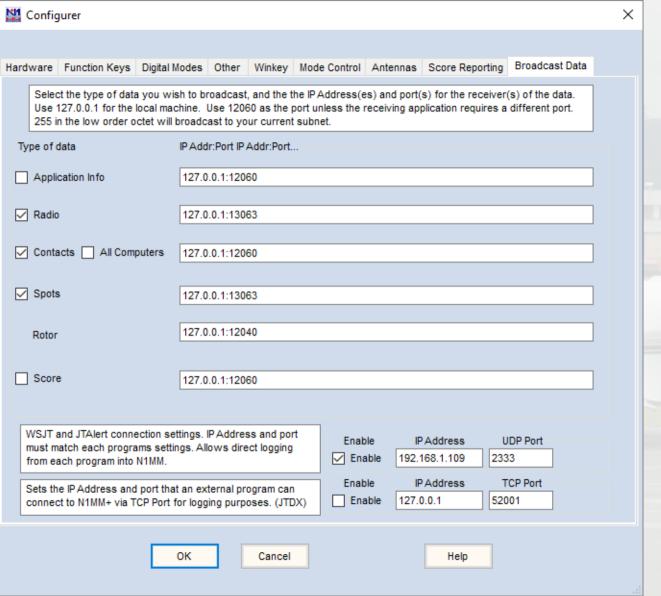




Display Rotors Responding From Network

Checking this box will display rotor windows for all rotors that report their position to the computer, from any N1MM Rotor running on the network.





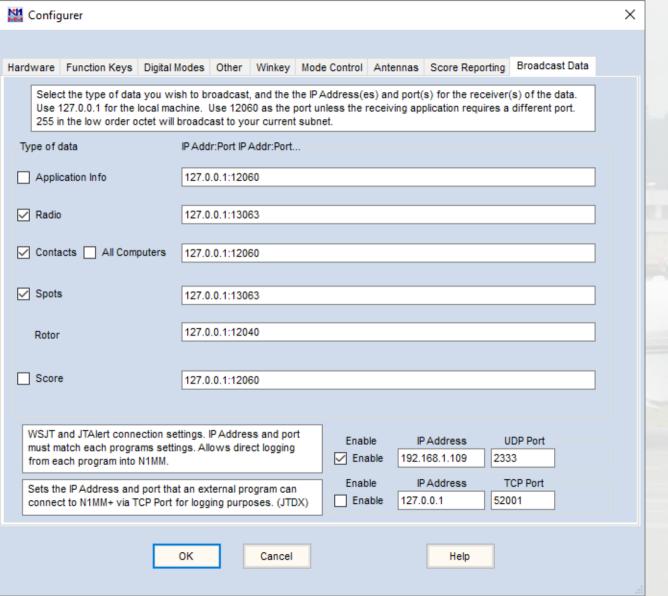
Broadcast Data

N1MM uses UDP packets to communicate with other programs.

You need to specify which UDP communications you want to enable, and then specify at least one IP address and port for each type of data.

You will likely use this Broadcast Data for Rotor Control, Spotting, and for communicating with WSJTX and possibly JTAlert when operating the digital modes.

This feature is also used to communicate with PackRatFinder.



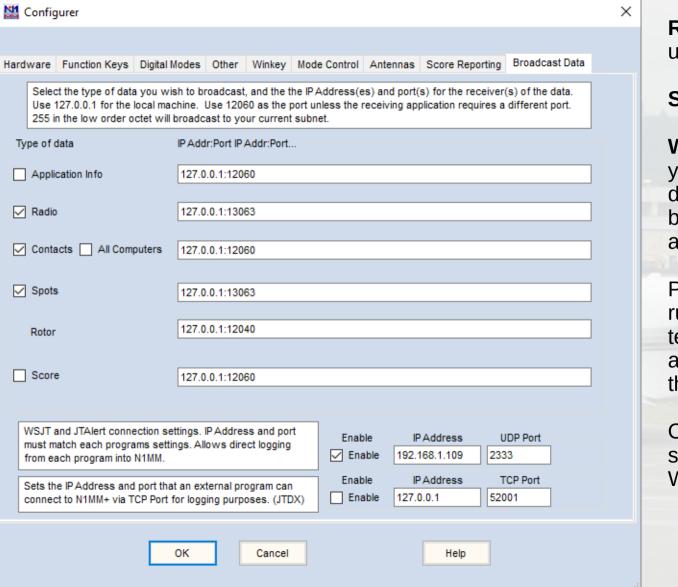
Application Info When this is checked, some data is broadcast when the Contest Setup dialog is closed. Leave this unchecked.

Radio When this is checked, radio mode and frequency information is broadcast at the moment the frequency of the radio changes, or every 10 seconds if the VFO is stationary

Contact When this is checked, QSO information is broadcast at the moment a QSO is logged.

All Computers Leave this unchecked.

Spots When this is checked, spot information is broadcast whenever a new spot is processed, from any source.



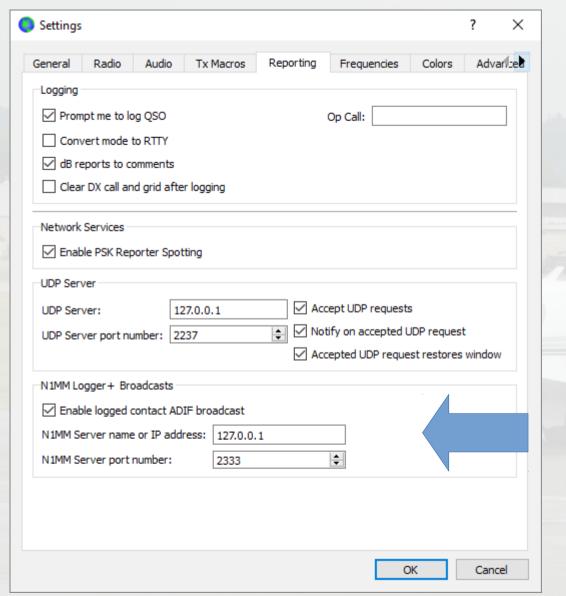
Rotor Leave the defaults here unless you know what you are doing.

Score Leave this unchecked.

WSJT and JTAlert Check Enable if you want to be able to receive log data from WSJTX or JTAlert. As a beginner, start with just WSJTX alone. You may never need JTAlert.

Put the IP address of the computer running WSJTX in the IP Address text box. If that is the same computer as N1MM, just use 127.0.0.1. Use the default UDP Port, 2333.

On the next page, the complimentary setup work that must be done in WSJTX for this to work is shown.



WSJTX Setup for N1MM Logging

In the **N1MM Logger+ Broadcasts** section of **Settings** in **WSJTX**:

- 1. Check the **Enable Logged** contact ADIF Broadcast box
- 2. Add the IP address of the computer running N1MM to the N1MM Server name or IP address textbox. If this is the same computer as WSJTX, then you can enter 127.0.0.1
- 3. Leave the default value of 2333 in the **N1MM Server port number** text box.
- 4. Click OK